

**CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT**

**SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986
(Proposition 65)**

NOTICE TO INTERESTED PARTIES

August 20, 1999

**CHEMICALS LISTED EFFECTIVE August 20, 1999
AS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
TO CAUSE CANCER OR REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY**

The Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) of the California Environmental Protection Agency is adding the 20 chemicals named below to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, for purposes of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65 or the Act). The chemicals are listed effective **August 20, 1999** pursuant to the administrative listing mechanisms provided under the Act, based upon either (1) a formal identification by an authoritative body that the chemical causes cancer or reproductive toxicity, or (2) a formal requirement by a state or federal agency that the chemical be labeled or identified as causing reproductive toxicity. Regulations governing the listing of chemicals under the “authoritative bodies” mechanism and the “formally required to be labeled or identified” mechanism are published in Title 22, California Code of Regulations (22 CCR), Sections 12306 and 12902, respectively.

The reader is directed to the *Notice of Intent to List Chemicals* published in the March 19, 1999 issue of the *California Regulatory Notice Register* for the supporting documentation which OEHHA relied upon in making its determination that the criteria for administrative listing had been satisfied. A complete, updated chemical list is published elsewhere in this issue of the *California Regulatory Notice Register*.

The chemicals being listed under Proposition 65 as *known to cause cancer* and the mechanism under which each is listed are shown below:

Chemical	CAS No.	Listing Mechanism¹
Oxythioquinox	2439-01-2	AB
Primidone	125-33-7	AB
Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	AB
Vinclozolin	50471-44-8	AB

The chemicals being listed under Proposition 65 as *known to cause reproductive toxicity* and the mechanism under which each is listed are shown below:

Chemical	CAS No.	Toxicological Endpoint	Listing Mechanism¹
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	male reproductive toxicity	AB
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	male reproductive toxicity	AB
Technical Grade Dinitrotoluene	---	female reproductive toxicity male reproductive toxicity	AB
Heptachlor	76-44-8	developmental toxicity	AB
Acetazolamide	59-66-5	developmental toxicity	FR
Altretamine	645-05-6	developmental toxicity male reproductive toxicity	FR
Etodolac	41340-25-4	developmental toxicity female reproductive toxicity	FR
Flurbiprofen	5104-49-4	developmental toxicity female reproductive toxicity	FR
Gemfibrozil	25812-30-0	male reproductive toxicity female reproductive toxicity	FR
Halobetasol propionate	66852-54-8	developmental toxicity	FR
Idarubicin hydrochloride	---	developmental toxicity male reproductive toxicity	FR
Mebendazole	31431-39-7	developmental toxicity	FR
Pimozide	2062-78-4	developmental toxicity female reproductive toxicity	FR
Prednisolone sodium phosphate	125-02-0	developmental toxicity	FR
Sermorelin acetate	---	developmental toxicity	FR
Streptozocin	18883-66-4	developmental toxicity male reproductive toxicity female reproductive toxicity	FR

¹ Listing mechanism:

AB – “authoritative bodies” mechanism (22 CCR Section 12306)

FR – “formally required to be labeled or identified” mechanism (22 CCR Section 12902)