CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT

SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986
(Proposition 65)

NOTICE TO INTERESTED PARTIES
November 23, 2018

CHEMICALS LISTED EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 23, 2018
AS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE
CANCER: GENTIAN VIOLET AND N-NITROSOHEXAMETHYLENEIMINE

Effective **November 23, 2018**, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) is adding gentian violet and N-nitrosohexamethyleneimine to the list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer for purposes of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65[1]). At a public meeting on November 1, 2018, the Carcinogen Identification Committee (CIC) in its official capacity as the "state's qualified experts" (SQE)[2] determined that gentian violet and N-nitrosohexamethyleneimine were clearly shown by scientifically valid testing according to generally accepted principles to cause cancer. Regulations for the listing of chemicals by the CIC are set out in Title 27, California Code of Regulations, section 25305(a)(1).

A complete, updated chemical list is available on the OEHHA website at https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/proposition-65-list and will be published elsewhere in this issue of the *California Regulatory Notice Register*.

As indicated in the table below, gentian violet and N-nitrosohexamethyleneimine are listed as known to the state to cause cancer, effective November 23, 2018.

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[1] The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health and Safety Code section 25249.5 et seq.
[2] Health and Safety Code section 25249.8(b)

Chemical	CAS No.	Toxicological Endpoints	Listing Mechanism*	Effective Date
Gentian violet (Crystal violet)	548-62-9	Cancer	SQE	November 23, 2018
N-Nitrosohexamethyleneimine	932-83-2	Cancer	SQE	November 23, 2018

* Listing mechanism: SQE – "State's Qualified Expert" mechanism (Health and Safety Code section 25249.8(b) and Title 27, Cal. Code of Regs., section 25305(a)(1)).