

**CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**  
**OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT**  
**SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986**  
**(PROPOSITION 65)**

**NOTICE OF INTENT TO LIST CHEMICALS BY THE LABOR CODE MECHANISM:**  
**HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE, VORICONAZOLE, AND TACROLIMUS**

**MAY 8, 2026**

The California Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) intends to list hydrochlorothiazide, voriconazole, and tacrolimus as known to the state to cause cancer under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health and Safety Code (HSC) sections 25249.5 et seq., otherwise known as Proposition 65.

This action is being proposed pursuant to the "Labor Code" listing mechanism described below. OEHHA has determined that these substances meet the criteria for listing by this mechanism.

**Background on listing by the Labor Code mechanism:** Health and Safety Code section 25249.8(a) incorporates California Labor Code section 6382(b)(1) into Proposition 65. The law requires that certain substances identified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) be listed as known to cause cancer under Proposition 65. Labor Code section 6382(b)(1) refers to substances identified as human or animal carcinogens by IARC. OEHHA has adopted regulations concerning these listings in Title 27, California Code of Regulations (CCR), section 25904. As the lead agency for the implementation of Proposition 65, OEHHA evaluates whether a chemical's listing is required.

**OEHHA's determination:** *Hydrochlorothiazide*, *voriconazole*, and *tacrolimus* meet the requirements for listing as known to the state to cause cancer for purposes of Proposition 65 (27 CCR § 25904(b)(1)).

IARC published on its website "IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 137. Hydrochlorothiazide, Voriconazole, and Tacrolimus." (IARC, 2026). IARC concluded that *hydrochlorothiazide*, *voriconazole*, and *tacrolimus* are each classified in Group 1 ("carcinogenic to humans"). IARC concluded that there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in humans for *hydrochlorothiazide*, *voriconazole*, and *tacrolimus*. In addition, IARC concluded that there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animals for *hydrochlorothiazide* and *tacrolimus*.

**Opportunity for comment:** OEHHA is providing this opportunity to comment as to whether the chemicals identified above meet the requirements for listing as causing

cancer (HSC § 25249.8(a); 27 CCR § 25904(b)). Since this is a ministerial listing, comments should be limited to whether IARC has sufficiently identified the specific chemicals or substances as a human or animal carcinogen. Under this listing mechanism, OEHHA cannot consider scientific arguments concerning the weight or quality of the evidence considered by IARC when it identified these chemicals and will not respond to such comments if they are submitted.

### **Submission of Comments**

All written comments must be submitted to OEHHA by electronic submission, mail, or hand-delivery, by **Monday, June 8, 2026**. OEHHA strongly recommends that comments be submitted electronically through our website at <https://oehha.ca.gov/comments>, rather than in paper form. Alternatively, comments can be submitted in paper form, either by mail or delivered in person.

Mailed submission via the United States Postal Service:

Attention: Tina Cox  
Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment  
P.O. Box 4010  
Sacramento, California 95812-4010

In-person delivery submission:

Attention: Tina Cox  
Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment  
1001 I Street  
Sacramento, California 95814

OEHHA encourages all commenters to submit their comments in a format compliant with Section 508 of the federal Rehabilitation Act, Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.1 (see [the World Wide Web Consortium \[W3C\] WCAG 2 Overview](#)), and California Government Code sections 7405 and 11135, so that they can be read using screen reader technology.

Comments received during the public comment period will be posted on the OEHHA website after the close of the comment period.

OEHHA is subject to the California Public Records Act and other laws that require the release of certain information upon request. If you provide comments, please be aware that your comment may be available to third parties.

If you have any questions, please contact Tina Cox at [Tina.Cox@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:Tina.Cox@oehha.ca.gov) or at (916) 327-7338.

## References

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC, 2026). IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 137. Hydrochlorothiazide, Voriconazole, and Tacrolimus. IARC, World Health Organization, Lyon, France. Available from: <https://publications.iarc.who.int/659>