

Errata to the August 2015 document entitled: “Diaminotoluenes (DATs). “Diaminotoluene (mixed)” are chemicals listed “as causing cancer” by the authoritative bodies mechanism and are under review by the Carcinogen Identification Committee”

p. 2 line 36 & p. 3 line 1. Remove “in the 600 ppm dose group compared to its control group (P<0.05), and”.

p. 19 lines 6 and 7. Replace with “Significantly increased incidence of testicular interstitial cell tumors was observed in the high-dose group compared to the high-dose control (Table 3).”

p. 19 lines 13 and 14. Replace with “significant increase observed in this study in the high-dose group as compared to the control suggests that these tumors may be treatment-related.”

p. 19. Replace Table 3 with the following:

Table 3. Tumor incidence¹ in male F344 rats fed diets containing 2,5-DAT sulfate for 78 weeks and observed for 28 weeks (600 ppm) or 30 weeks (2,000 ppm) (NCI, 1978)

| Tumor Site and Type | Time-weighted-average concentration (ppm) | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | control | 600 | control | 2,000 |
| Testicular interstitial cell tumors (%) | 33/37 (89%) | 43/47 (91%) | 19/23 (83%) | 47/48* (98%) |

* p<0.05 compared to the corresponding control by Fisher pairwise test

¹Tumor incidences are given as the ratio of the number of tumor-bearing animals at a specific anatomic site (numerator) to the number of animals that are still alive at the time of first occurrence of this tumor (denominator). First occurrence of this tumor: week 78 on study; week 84 of life

p. 89. Replace line 2 with: “in 2,5-DAT sulfate treated high-dose male F344 rats, as compared to the high-dose control (NCI, 1978)”.

p. 89 lines 17-18. Replace “73% and 79%” with “89% and 83%”

p. 120 lines 3 and 4. Remove “in the 600 ppm dose group compared to its control group (P<0.05), and”.

p. 126 Section 6.2. Replace lines 16-17 of this section with “Testicular interstitial cell tumors in male rats (significant by pairwise comparison with controls at the high dose)”