# 2-Biphenylamine and Its Salts

2-Biphenylamine [2-aminobiphenyl] is a chemical intermediate used in the manufacture of C.I. Acid Red 15. It is also present as a contaminant in diphenylamine (a pesticide and dye intermediate, a stabilizer for nitrocellulose explosives, and a topical agent for prevention of screwworm infestation in animals) and 4-biphenylamine (a rubber antioxidant). Occupational exposure may occur during its manufacture and use.

2-Biphenylamine and its salts passed the animal data screen, underwent a preliminary toxicological evaluation, and is being brought to the Carcinogen Identification Committee for consultation. This is a compilation of the relevant studies identified during the preliminary toxicological evaluation.

## **Epidemiological data**

No cancer epidemiology studies were identified.

### **Animal carcinogenicity data**

- 103-week feeding studies
  - o Male and female B6C3F₁ mice: NTP (1982)
    - Increases in hemangiosarcomas in females (by pairwise comparison and trend) and males (by trend)
  - o Male and female F344/N rats: NTP (1982)
    - No treatment-related tumor findings in males or females

#### Other relevant data

- Genotoxicity
  - As reviewed or reported in NTP (1982, p. 14), Tennant et al. (1987, p. 935, 937) and CCRIS (2006)
    - Mutagenicity in Salmonella typhimurium reverse mutation assays (positive and negative) and mouse lymphoma cell mutagenesis assays (positive)
    - Chromosome aberrations in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells (positive and negative)
    - Sister chromatid exchange in CHO cells (negative)
- Structure activity considerations
  - Structurally similar to 4-biphenylamine, an IARC Group 1 carcinogen
  - Other nitrogen-containing aromatic compounds [e.g., the Proposition 65 carcinogens: 2-methyl-1-nitroanthraquinone, 4,4'-methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline) and 2,4-dichlorophenyl-p-nitrophenyl

ether] also induce hemangiosarcomas in B6C3F₁ mice: NTP (1982, pp. 63-64).

## References<sup>1</sup>

Chemical Carcinogenesis Research Information System (CCRIS, 2006) <a href="http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov">http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov</a> (accessed on June 11, 2009).

National Toxicology Program (NTP, 1982). NTP Technical Report on the Carcinogenesis Bioassay of 2-Biphenylamine Hydrochloride (CAS No. 2185-92-4) in F344/N Rats and B6C3F<sub>1</sub> Mice (Feed Study). NTP TR-233. NTP-81-35. NIH publication No. 83-1789. U.S. DHHS, NIH, Research Triangle Park, NC and Bethesda, MD.

Tennant RW, Margolin BH, Shelby MD, Zeiger E, Haseman JK, Spalding J, Caspary W, Resnick M, Stasiewicz S, Anderson B, Minor R (1987). Prediction of chemical carcinogenicity in rodents from in vitro genetic toxicity assays. *Science* **236**:933-41.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excerpts or the complete publication have been provided to members of the Carcinogen Identification Committee, in the order in which they are discussed in this document.