

INFORMATION ABOUT EATING FISH FROM COLLINS LAKE (YUBA COUNTY)

Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) California Environmental Protection Agency August 2022

Why did OEHHA develop an advisory for eating fish from Collins Lake?

OEHHA developed an advisory for Collins Lake because of mercury found in the fish caught from this water body. Collins Lake is located approximately 20 miles northeast of Yuba City, in Yuba County. This advisory is part of an ongoing effort by OEHHA to provide safe-eating advice for fish in different California water bodies.

Why should I eat fish?

- Low-contaminant fish are an important part of a healthy, well-balanced diet. The American Heart Association recommends eating at least two servings of fish each week.
- Fish are a good source of protein and vitamins, and are a primary dietary source of heart-healthy omega-3 fatty acids. Eating low-contaminant fish while pregnant may be beneficial to the baby's brain development.

What is the contaminant of concern for people eating fish from Collins Lake?

- Mercury
 - Mercury is a metal that comes from mining, air fallout from burning coal and other fuels, and natural sources. It is the most commonly found contaminant of concern in fish.
 - Too much methylmercury, the form of mercury found in fish, can harm the brain, especially in fetuses, babies, and children. Mothers can pass methylmercury to their babies during pregnancy.
 - Because fetuses, babies, and children are especially sensitive to mercury, OEHHA has one set of advice for the amount of mercury-containing fish that women age 18–49 years and children should eat, and another set of advice for women 50 years and older and men 18 years and older.

How did OEHHA determine the consumption guidelines for fish from Collins Lake?

- OEHHA compared contaminant levels in fish caught from Collins Lake to levels that are considered safe for human consumption.
- OEHHA's consumption guidelines balance the health benefits of fish consumption and the risks from the contaminants.

What does OEHHA recommend for people who want to eat fish from Collins Lake?

- OEHHA recommends the types and amounts of fish that may be eaten each week as "servings." A serving is about the size and thickness of your hand for fish fillets. Give children smaller servings. For smaller fish species, several individual fish may be required to yield a serving.
- Women 18–49 years and children 1–17 years
 - Should not eat black bass species
 - May eat:
 - 1 total serving per week of crappie species or sunfish species
- Women 50 years and older and men age 18 years and older
 May eat:
 - 1 total serving per week of black bass species, or
 - 2 total servings per week of crappie species, or
 - 3 total servings per week of sunfish species
- For additional fish species found in Collins Lake and not included in this advisory, OEHHA recommends following the <u>statewide advisory for eating fish from</u> <u>California's lakes and reservoirs without site-specific advice.</u>

What else can I do to protect my health and the health of my family?

- Eat a variety of fish.
- Eat smaller (younger) fish of legal size.
- Eat only the skinless fillet or meat portion of fish.
- Thoroughly cook the fish and allow the juice to drain away.
- Learn about OEHHA's guidelines for eating sport fish in California:
 - Visit <u>https://oehha.ca.gov/fish/advisories</u>, or call OEHHA at (916) 324-7572 or (510) 622-3170
 - Check the Freshwater or Ocean Sport Fishing Regulations booklets from the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, or visit <u>https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Regulations</u>

